# S. 25

To provide Coastal Impact Assistance to State and local governments, to amend the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act Amendments of 1978, the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, the Urban Park and Recreation Recovery Act, and the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act (commonly referred to as the Pittman-Robertson Act) to establish a fund to meet the outdoor conservation and recreation needs of the American people, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

January 19, 1999

Ms. Landrieu (for herself, Mr. Murkowski, Mr. Breaux, Mr. Sessions, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Lott, Mr. Cleland, Mr. Gregg, Ms. Mikulski, and Mr. Cochran) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources

# A BILL

To provide Coastal Impact Assistance to State and local governments, to amend the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act Amendments of 1978, the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, the Urban Park and Recreation Recovery Act, and the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act (commonly referred to as the Pittman-Robertson Act) to establish a fund to meet the outdoor conservation and recreation needs of the American people, and for other purposes.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Conservation and Rein-
5	vestment Act of 1999".
6	TITLE I—COASTAL IMPACT
7	ASSISTANCE
8	SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.
9	This title may be cited as the "Coastal Conservation
10	and Impact Assistance Act of 1998".
11	SEC. 102. AMENDMENT TO OUTER CONTINENTAL SHELF
12	LANDS ACT.
13	The Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act Amendments
14	of 1978 (92 Stat. 629), as amended, is amended to add
15	at the end thereof a new title VII as follows:
16	"SEC. 701. FINDINGS.
17	"The Congress finds and declares that:
18	"(1) The Nation owns valuable mineral re-
19	sources that are located both onshore and in the
20	Federal Outer Continental Shelf, and the Federal
21	Government develops these resources for the benefit
22	of the Nation, under certain restrictions designed to
23	prevent environmental damage and other adverse
24	impacts.

- "(2) Nonetheless, the development of these mineral resources of the Nation is accompanied by unavoidable environmental impacts and public service impacts in the States that host this development, whether the development occurs onshore or on the Federal Outer Continental Shelf.
  - "(3) The Federal Government has a responsibility to the States affected by development of Federal mineral resources to mitigate adverse environmental and public service impacts incurred due to that development.
  - "(4) The Federal Government discharges its responsibility to States where onshore Federal mineral development occurs by sharing 50 percent of the revenue derived from the Federal mineral development in that State pursuant to section 35 of the Mineral Leasing Act.
  - "(5) Federal mineral development is occurring as far as 200 miles offshore and occurs off the coasts of only 6 States, yet section 8(g) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act does not adequately compensate these States for the onshore impacts of the offshore Federal mineral development.

- 1 "(6) Federal Outer Continental Shelf mineral 2 development is an important and secure source of 3 our Nation's supply of oil and natural gas.
  - "(7) Further technological advancements in oil and natural gas exploration and production need to be pursued and encouraged.
  - "(8) These technological achievements have and will continue to result in new Outer Continental Shelf production having an unparalleled record of excellence on environmental safety issues.
  - "(9) Additional technological advances with appropriate incentives will further improve new resource recovery and therefore increase revenues to the Treasury for the benefit of all Americans who enjoy programs funded by Outer Continental Shelf moneys.
  - "(10) The Outer Continental Shelf Advisory Committee of the Department of the Interior, consisting of representatives of coastal States, recommended in October 1997 that Federal mineral revenue derived from the entire Outer Continental Shelf be shared with all coastal States and territories to mitigate onshore impacts from Federal offshore mineral development and for other environmental mitigation.

"(11) The Nation's Federal mineral resources
are a nonrenewable capital asset of the Nation, with
the production and sale of this resource producing
revenue for the Nation, a portion of the revenue derived from the production and sale of Federal mineral resources should be reinvested in the Nation
through environmental mitigation and public service
improvements.

"(12) Nothing in this title shall be interpreted to repeal or modify any existing moratorium on leasing Federal OCS leases for drilling nor shall anything in this title be interpreted as an incentive to encourage the development of Federal OCS resources where such resources currently are not being developed.

#### 16 "SEC. 702. DEFINITIONS.

17 "For purposes of this Act:

"(1) The term 'allocable share' means, for a coastal State, that portion of revenue that is available to be distributed to that coastal State under this title. For an eligible political subdivision of a coastal State, such term means that portion of revenue that is available to be distributed to that political subdivision under this title.

- "(2) The term 'coastal population' means the population of political subdivisions, as determined by the most recent official data of the Census Bureau, contained in whole or in part within the designated coastal boundary of a State as defined in a State's coastal zone management program under the Coastal Zone Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1455).
  - "(3) The term 'coastline' has the same meaning that it has in the Submerged Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.).
  - "(4) The term 'eligible political subdivision' means a coastal political subdivision of a coastal State which political subdivision has a seaward boundary that lies within a distance of 200 miles from the geographic center of any leased tract. The Secretary shall annually provide a list of all eligible political subdivisions of each coastal State to the Governor of such State.
  - "(5) The term 'political subdivision' means the local political jurisdiction immediately below the level of State government, including counties, parishes, and boroughs. If State law recognizes an entity of general government that functions in lieu of, and is not within, a county, parish, or borough, the Secretary may recognize an area under the jurisdiction

- of such other entities of general government as a political subdivision for purposes of this Act.
- "(6) The term 'coastal State' means any State of the United States bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, the Pacific Ocean, the Arctic Ocean, the Bering Sea, the Gulf of Mexico, or any of the Great Lakes, Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
  - "(7) The term 'distance' means minimum great circle distance, measured in statute miles.
  - "(8) The term 'fiscal year' means the Federal Government's accounting period which begins on October 1 and ends on September 30, and is designated by the calendar year in which it ends.
  - "(9) The term 'Governor' means the highest elected official of a coastal State.
  - "(10) The term 'leased tract' means a tract, leased under section 8 of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1337) for the purpose of drilling for, developing and producing oil and natural gas resources, which is a unit consisting of either a block, a portion of a block, a combination of blocks and/or portions of blocks, as specified in the

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- lease, and as depicted on an Outer Continental Shelf
   Official Protraction Diagram.
- "(11) The term 'revenues' means all moneys received by the United States as bonus bids, rents,
  royalties (including payments for royalty taken in
  kind and sold), net profit share payments, and related late-payment interest from natural gas and oil
  leases issued pursuant to the Outer Continental
  Shelf Lands Act.
- "(12) 10 The term 'Outer Continental 11 means all submerged lands lying seaward and out-12 side of the area of 'lands beneath navigable waters' 13 as defined in section 2(a) of the Submerged Lands 14 Act (43 U.S.C. 1301(a)), and of which the subsoil 15 and seabed appertain to the United States and are 16 subject to its jurisdiction and control.
- 17 "(13) The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary 18 of the Interior or the Secretary's designee.

#### 19 "SEC. 703. IMPACT ASSISTANCE FORMULA AND PAYMENTS.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND.—(1) There is established in the Treasury of the United States a fund which shall be known as the 'Outer Continental Shelf Impact Assistance Fund' (referred to in this Act as the 'Fund'). The
- 24 Secretary shall deposit in the Fund 27 percent of the reve-
- 25 nues from each leased tract or portion of a leased tract

- 1 lying seaward of the zone defined and governed by section
- 2 8(g) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C.
- 3 1337(g)), or lying within such zone but to which section
- 4 8(g) does not apply, the geographic center of which lies
- 5 within a distance of 200 miles from any part of the coast-
- 6 line of any coastal State.
- 7 "(2) The Secretary of the Treasury shall invest mon-
- 8 eys in the Fund that are excess to expenditures at the
- 9 written request of the Secretary, in public debt securities
- 10 with maturities suitable to the needs of the Fund, as de-
- 11 termined by the Secretary, and bearing interest at rates
- 12 determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, taking into
- 13 consideration current market yields on outstanding mar-
- 14 ketable obligations of the United States of comparable ma-
- 15 turity.
- 16 "(b) Payment to States.—Notwithstanding sec-
- 17 tion 9 of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43
- 18 U.S.C. 1338), the Secretary shall, without further appro-
- 19 priation, make payments in each fiscal year to coastal
- 20 States and to eligible political subdivisions equal to the
- 21 amount deposited in the Fund for the prior fiscal year,
- 22 together with the portion of interest earned from invest-
- 23 ment of the funds which corresponds to that amount (re-
- 24 duced by any refunds paid under section 705(c)). Such

1	payments shall be allocated among the coastal States and
2	eligible political subdivisions as provided in this section.
3	"(c) Determination of States' Allocable
4	Shares.—
5	"(1) Allocable share for each state.—
6	For each coastal State, the Secretary shall deter-
7	mine the State's allocable share of the total amount
8	of the revenues deposited in the Fund for each fiscal
9	year using the following weighted formula:
10	"(A) 25 percent of the State's allocable
11	share shall be based on the ratio of such State's
12	shoreline miles to the shoreline miles of all
13	coastal States.
14	"(B) 25 percent of the State's allocable
15	share shall be based on the ratio of such State's
16	coastal population to the coastal population of
17	all coastal States.
18	"(C) 50 percent of the State's allocable
19	share shall be computed based upon Outer Con-
20	tinental Shelf production. If any portion of a
21	coastal State lies within a distance of 200 miles
22	from the geographic center of any leased tract,
23	such State shall receive 50 percent of its alloca-
24	ble share based on the Outer Continental Shelf

oil and gas production offshore of such State.

Such part of its allocable share shall be inversely proportional to the distance between the nearest port on the coastline of such State and the geographic center of each leased tract or portion of the leased tract (to the nearest whole mile), as determined by the Secretary.

#### "(2) MINIMUM STATE SHARE.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The allocable share of revenues determined by the Secretary under this subsection for each coastal State with an approved coastal management program (as defined by the Coastal Zone Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1451) or which is making satisfactory progress toward one shall not be less than 0.50 percent of the total amount of the revenues deposited in the Fund for each fiscal year. For any other coastal State the allocable share of such revenues shall not be less than 0.25 percent of such revenues.

"(B) RECOMPUTATION.—Where one or more coastal States' allocable shares, as computed under paragraph (1), are increased by any amount under this paragraph, the allocable share for all other coastal States shall be recomputed and reduced by the same amount so

1	that not more than 100 percent of the amount
2	deposited in the fund is allocated to all coastal
3	States. The reduction shall be divided pro rata
4	among such other coastal States.
5	"(3) Adjustment for producing states.—
6	"(A) Definitions.—In this paragraph:
7	"(i) Nonproducing state.—The
8	term 'nonproducing State' means a State
9	other than a producing State.
10	"(ii) Producing state.—The term
11	'producing State' means a State off the
12	coast of which any leased tract or tract in
13	State water produced oil, condensate, or
14	natural gas during fiscal year 1998 that,
15	during that fiscal year, was transported by
16	pipeline to a processing facility in the
17	State.
18	"(iii) Tract in state water.—The
19	term 'tract in State water' means a tract
20	on land beneath navigable water described
21	in section 2(a)(2) of the Submerged Lands
22	Act (43 U.S.C. 1301(a)(2)).
23	"(B) Adjustment.—For any fiscal year,
24	if the application of paragraphs (1) and (2)
25	would result in an allocable share for any non-

1	producing State that is greater than the alloca-
2	ble share for any producing State—
3	"(i) the amount of the allocable share
4	for each such producing State shall be in-
5	creased to the amount of the highest allo-
6	cable share for any such nonproducing
7	State; and
8	"(ii) the amount of the allocable
9	shares for States and other than States re-
10	ceiving increases under paragraph (2) shall
11	be reduced in the amount of the increase
12	under clause (i) in the proportion that the
13	allocable share for each such other State
14	after application of paragraphs (1) and (2)
15	bears to the total amount allocated to all
16	States under paragraphs (1) and (2).
17	"(d) Payment to States and Political Subdivi-
18	SIONS.—Each coastal State's allocable share shall be di-
19	vided between the State and political subdivisions in that
20	State as follows:
21	"(1) 40 percent of each State's allocable share,
22	as determined under subsection (c), shall be paid to
23	the State;
24	"(2) 40 percent of each State's allocable share,
25	as determined under subsection (c), shall be paid to

the eligible political subdivisions in such State, with the funds to be allocated among the eligible political subdivisions using the following weighted formula:

"(A) 50 percent of an eligible political subdivision's allocable share shall be based on the ratio of that eligible political subdivision's acreage within the State's coastal zone, as defined in an approval State coast management program (as defined by the Coastal Zone Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1451)), to the entire acreage within the coastal zone in such State: *Provided, however*, That if the State in which the eligible political subdivision is located does not have an approved coastal management program, then the allocable share shall be based on the ratio of that eligible political subdivision's shoreline miles to the total shoreline miles in that coastal State.

"(B) 25 percent of an eligible political subdivision's allocable share shall be based on the ratio of such eligible political subdivision's coastal population to the coastal population of all eligible political subdivisions in that State.

"(C) 25 percent of an eligible political subdivision's allocable share shall be based on ra-

tios that are inversely proportional to the distance between the nearest point on the seaward boundary of each such eligible political subdivision and the geographic center of each leased tract or portion of the leased tract (to the nearest whole mile), as determined by the Secretary.

- "(3) 20 percent of each State's allocable share, as determined under subsection (c), shall be allocated to political subdivisions in the coastal State that do not qualify as eligible political subdivisions but which are determined by the Governor or the Secretary to have impacts from Outer Continental Shelf related activities and which have an approved plan under this subsection.
- "(4) Project submission.—Prior to the receipt of funds pursuant to this subsection for any fiscal year, a political subdivision must submit to the Governor of the State in which it is located a plan setting forth the projects and activities for which the political subdivision proposes to expend such funds. Such plan shall state the amounts proposed to be expended for each project or activity the upcoming fiscal year.
- "(5) Project approval.—(A) Prior to the payment of funds pursuant to this subsection to any

political subdivision for any fiscal year, the Governor must approve the plan submitted by the political subdivision pursuant to this subsection and notify the Secretary of such approval. State approval of any such plan shall be consistent with all applicable State and Federal law. In the event the Governor disapproves any such plan, the funds that would otherwise be paid to the political subdivision shall be placed in escrow by the Secretary pending modification and approval of such plan, at which time such funds together with interest thereon shall be paid to the political subdivision.

"(B) A political subdivision that fails to receive approval from the Governor for a plan may appeal to the Secretary and the Secretary may approve or disapprove such plan based on the criteria set forth in section 704: *Provided, however,* That the Secretary shall have no authority to consider an appeal of a political subdivision if the Governor of the State has certified in writing to the Secretary that the State has adopted a State program that by its express terms addresses the allocation of revenues to political subdivisions.

24 "(e) Time of Payment.—(1) Payments to coastal 25 States and political subdivisions under this section shall

- 1 be made not later than December 31 of each year from
- 2 revenues received and interest earned thereon during the
- 3 immediately preceding fiscal year. Payment shall not com-
- 4 mence before the date 12 months following the date of
- 5 enactment of this Act.
- 6 "(2) Any amount in the Fund not paid to coastal
- 7 States and political subdivisions under this section in any
- 8 fiscal year shall be disposed of according to the law other-
- 9 wise applicable to revenues from leases on the Outer Con-
- 10 tinental Shelf.
- 11 "SEC. 704. USES OF FUNDS.
- 12 "(a) AUTHORIZED USES OF FUNDS.—Funds received
- 13 pursuant to this Act may be used by the coastal States
- 14 and political subdivisions for—
- 15 "(1) air quality, water quality, fish and wildlife,
- wetlands, outdoor recreation programs, or other
- 17 coastal resources, including shoreline protection and
- 18 coastal restoration;
- 19 "(2) other activities of such State or political
- subdivision, contemplated by the Coastal Zone Man-
- 21 agement Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.), the
- provisions of subtitle B of title IV of the Oil Pollu-
- 23 tion Act of 1990 (104 Stat. 523), or the Federal
- Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et
- 25 seq.);

1	"(3) planning assistance and administrative
2	costs of complying with the provisions of this sub-
3	title;
4	"(4) uses related to the Outer Continental Shelf
5	Lands Act;
6	"(5) mitigating impacts of Outer Continental
7	Shelf activities, including onshore infrastructure and
8	public service needs; and
9	"(6) deposit in a State or political subdivision
10	administered trust fund dedicated to uses consistent
11	with this section.
12	"(b) Compliance with Applicable Laws.—All
13	projects and activities paid for by the moneys received
14	from the Fund shall comply with the state Coastal Zone
15	Management Plan and all applicable Federal, State and
16	local environmental laws and regulations.
17	"SEC. 705. STATE PLANS; CERTIFICATION; ANNUAL RE-
18	PORT; REFUNDS.
19	"(a) State Plans.—Within one year after the date
20	of enactment of this Act, the Governor of every State eligi-
21	ble to receive moneys from the Fund shall develop a State
22	plan for the use of such moneys and shall certify the plan
23	to the Secretary. The plan shall be developed with public
24	participation and shall include the plan for the use of such
25	funds by every political subdivision of the State eligible

- 1 to receive moneys from the Fund. The Governor shall cer-
- 2 tify to the Secretary that the plan was developed with pub-
- 3 lie participation and in accordance with all applicable
- 4 State laws. The Governor shall amend the plan, as nec-
- 5 essary, with public participation, but not less than every
- 6 five years.
- 7 "(b) Certification.—Not later than 60 days after
- 8 the end of the fiscal year, any political subdivision receiv-
- 9 ing moneys from the Fund must certify to the Governor—
- 10 "(1) the amount of such funds expended by the
- 11 political subdivision during the previous fiscal year;
- 12 "(2) the amounts expended on each project or
- 13 activity;
- 14 "(3) a general description of how the funds
- were expended; and
- 16 "(4) the status of each project or activity, in-
- cluding a certification that the project or activity is
- consistent with the State plan developed under para-
- 19 graph (a).
- 20 "(c) Report.—On June 15 of each year, the Gov-
- 21 ernor of each State receiving moneys from the Fund shall
- 22 account for all moneys so received for the previous fiscal
- 23 year in a written report to the Secretary and the Congress.
- 24 This report shall include a description of all projects and

- 1 activities receiving funds under this Act, including all in-
- 2 formation required under subsection (a).
- 3 "(d) Refunds.—In those instances where through
- 4 judicial decision, administrative review, arbitration, or
- 5 other means there are royalty refunds owed to entities
- 6 generating revenues under this Act, 27 percent of such
- 7 refunds shall be paid from amounts available in the
- 8 Fund.".

### 9 TITLE II—LAND AND WATER

## 10 CONSERVATION FUND REFORM

- 11 SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.
- This title may be cited as the "Land and Water Con-
- 13 servation Fund Reform Act of 1998".
- 14 SEC. 202. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.
- 15 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
- 16 (1) The Land and Water Conservation Fund
- 17 Act of 1965 embodied a visionary concept—that a
- portion of the proceeds from Outer Continental
- 19 Shelf mineral leasing revenues and the depletion of
- a nonrenewable natural resource should result in a
- 21 legacy of public places accessible for public recre-
- ation and benefit from resources belonging to all
- people, of all generations, and the enhancement of
- 24 the most previous and most renewable natural re-
- source of any nation, healthy and active citizens.

- 1 (2) The State and local governments were to 2 occupy a pivotal role in accomplishing the purposes 3 of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 4 1965 and the Act originally provided an equitable 5 portion of funds to the States, and through them, to 6 local governments.
  - (3) However, because of competition for limited Federal moneys and the need for an annual appropriation, this original intention has been abandoned and, in recent years, the States have not received an equitable proportion of funds.
  - (4) Nonetheless, with population growth and urban sprawl, the demand for recreation and conservation areas, at the State and local level, including urban localities, remains a high priority for our citizens.
  - (5) In addition to the demand at the State and local level, there has been an increasing unmet need for Federal moneys to be made available for Federal purposes, with lands identified as important for Federal acquisition not being acquired for several years due to insufficient funds.
  - (6) A new vision is called for—a vision that encompasses a multilevel national network of parks, recreation and conservation areas that reaches

- 1 across the country to touch all communities. Na-
- 2 tional parks are not enough; the federal government
- alone cannot accomplish this. A national vision,
- 4 backed by realistic national funding support, to
- 5 stimulate State, local and private sector, as well as
- 6 Federal efforts, is the only way to effectively address
- 7 our ongoing outdoor recreation and conservation
- 8 needs.
- 9 (b) Purpose.—The purpose of this title is to provide
- 10 a secure source of funds available for Federal purposes
- 11 authorized by the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act
- 12 of 1965 and to revitalize and complement State, local and
- 13 private commitments envisioned in the Land and Water
- 14 Conservation Fund Act of 1965 and the Urban Park and
- 15 Recreation Recovery Act of 1978 by providing grants for
- 16 State, local and urban recreation and conservation needs.
- 17 SEC. 203. LAND AND WATER CONSERVATION FUND AMEND-
- 18 MENTS.
- 19 (a) REVENUES.—Section 2(c) of the Land and Water
- 20 Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l–5(c)(1))
- 21 is amended as follows:
- 22 (1) By inserting "(A)" after "(c)(1)".
- 23 (2) By striking "there are authorized" and all
- that follows and inserting "from 16 percent of the
- 25 revenues, as that term is defined in the Conservation

- and Reinvestment Act of 1999, shall be deposited in
- 2 the Land and Water Conservation Fund in the
- 3 Treasury and shall be available, without further ap-
- 4 propriation, to carry out this Act for each fiscal year
- 5 thereafter through September 30, 2015.".
- 6 (3) By adding at the end the following new sub-7 paragraph:
- 6 "(B) In those instances where through ju-9 dicial decision, administrative review, arbitra-10 tion, or other means there are royalty refunds 11 owed to entities generating revenues available 12 for purposes of this Act, 16 percent of such re-13 funds shall be paid from amounts available
- 15 (b) AUTHORIZATION.—Section 2(c)(2) of the Land

under this subsection.".

- 16 and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C.
- 17 460l-5(c)(2)) is amended by striking "equivalent amounts
- 18 provided in clause (1)" and inserting "\$900,000,000".
- 19 (c) APPROPRIATION.—Section 3 of the Land and
- 20 Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l-
- 21 6) is amended by striking "Moneys" and inserting "Ex-
- 22 cept as provided under section 460l-5(c)(1), moneys".
- 23 (d) Allocation of Funds.—Section 5 of the Land
- 24 and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C.
- 25 460l-7) is amended as follows:

- (1) by inserting "(a)" at the beginning; 1
- 2 (2) by striking "Those appropriations from the 3 fund" and all that follows; and
- 4 (3) by adding at the end the following new sub-5 section:
- 6 "(b) Moneys credited to the fund under section 7 2(c)(1) of this Act (16 U.S.C. 460l–5(c)(1)) for obligation 8 or expenditure may be obligated or expended only as fol-

10 "(1) 45 percent shall be available for Federal purposes. Notwithstanding section 7 of this Act (16 12 U.S.C. 460l-9), 25 percent of such moneys shall be 13 made available to the Secretary of Agriculture for 14 the acquisition of lands, waters, or interests in land 15 or water within the exterior boundaries of areas of 16 the National Forest System or any other land man-17 agement unit established by an Act of Congress and 18 managed by the Secretary of Agriculture and 75 19 percent of such moneys shall be available to the Sec-20 retary of the Interior for the acquisition of lands, waters, or interests in land or water within the exte-22 rior boundaries of areas of the National Park Sys-23 tem, National Wildlife Refuge System, or other land 24 management unit established by an Act of Congress: 25 Provided, That at least two-thirds of the moneys

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lows:

1	available under this paragraph for Federal purposes
2	shall be spent east the 100th meridian: Provided fur-
3	ther, That no moneys available under this paragraph
4	for Federal purposes shall be used for condemnation
5	of any interest of property.
6	"(2) 45 percent shall be available for financial
7	assistance to the States under section 6 of this Act
8	(16 U.S.C. 460l-8) distributed according to the fol-
9	lowing allocation formula:
10	"(A) 60 percent shall be apportioned
11	equally among the several States.
12	"(B) 20 percent shall be apportioned on
13	the basis of the ration which the population of
14	each State bears to the total population of the
15	United States.
16	"(C) 20 percent shall be apportioned on
17	the basis of the urban population in each State
18	(as defined by Metropolitan Statistical Areas).
19	"(3) 10 percent shall be available to local gov-
20	ernments through the Urban Parks and Recreation
21	Recovery Program (16 U.S.C. $2501-2514$ ) of the
22	Department of the Interior.
23	An amount, not to exceed 2 percent, of the total of such
24	moneys covered to the fund under section $2(c)(1)$ of this
25	Act (16 U.S.C. 460l-5(c)(1)) in each fiscal year as the

- 1 Secretary of the Interior may estimate to be necessary for
- 2 expenses in the administration and execution of this sub-
- 3 section shall be deducted for that purpose, and such
- 4 amount is authorized to be made available therefor until
- 5 the expiration of the next succeeding fiscal year. Within
- 6 60 days after the close of such fiscal year, the Secretary
- 7 shall apportion any portion thereof as remains unex-
- 8 pended, if any, on the same basis and in the same manner
- 9 as is provided under paragraphs (1), (2) and (3).".
- 10 (e) Rehabilitation.—Subsection 6(a) of the Land
- 11 and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C.
- 12 460l-8(a)) is amended by deleting "(3) development." and
- 13 inserting in lieu thereof "(3) development, including the
- 14 facility rehabilitation."
- 15 (f) Tribes and Alaska Native Village Corpora-
- 16 TIONS.—Subsection 6(b)(5) of the Land and Water Con-
- 17 servation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l–8(b)(5)) is
- 18 amended as follows:
- 19 (1) By inserting "(A)" after "(5)".
- 20 (2) By adding at the end the following new sub-
- 21 paragraph:
- 22 "(B) For the purposes of paragraph (1), all
- 23 federally recognized Indian tribes and Alaska Native
- Village Corporations (as defined in section 3(j) of
- the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C.

- 1 1602(j)) shall be treated collectively as 1 State, and 2 shall receive shares of the apportionment under 3 paragraph (1) in accordance with a competitive grant program established by the Secretary by rule. 5 Such rule shall ensure that in each fiscal year no 6 single tribe or Village Corporation receives more 7 than 10 percent of the total amount made available 8 to all tribes and Village Corporations pursuant to 9 the apportionment under paragraph (1). Funds re-10 ceived by an Indian tribe or Village Corporation 11 under this subparagraph may be expended only for 12 the purposes specified in paragraphs (1) and (3) of 13 subsection (b).".
- 14 (g) LOCAL ALLOCATION.—Subsection 6(b) of the 15 Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 16 U.S.C. 460l–8(b)(5)) is amended by adding at the end the 17 following new paragraph:
- "(6) Absent some compelling and annually documented reason to the contrary acceptable to the Secretary, each State (other than an area treated as a State under paragraph (5)) shall make available as grants to local governments at least 50 percent of the annual State apportionment, or an equivalent amount made available from other sources.".

- 1 (h) Match.—Subsection 6(c) of the Land and Water
- 2 Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l–8(c)) is
- 3 amended to read as follows:
- 4 "(c) Matching Requirements.—Payments to any
- 5 State shall cover not more than 50 percent of the cost
- 6 of outdoor recreation and conservation planning, acquisi-
- 7 tion or development projects that are undertaken by the
- 8 State.".
- 9 (i) STATE ACTION AGENDA.—Subsection 6(d) of the
- 10 Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16
- 11 U.S.C. 460l–8(d)) is amended to read as follows:
- 12 "(d) State Action Agenda Required.—Each
- 13 State may define its own priorities and criteria for selec-
- 14 tion of outdoor recreation and conservation acquisition
- 15 and development projects eligible for grants under this Act
- 16 so long as it provides for public involvement in this process
- 17 and publishes an accurate and current State Action Agen-
- 18 da for Community Recreation and Conservation indicating
- 19 the needs it has identified and the priorities and criteria
- 20 it has established. In order to assess its needs and estab-
- 21 lish its overall priorities, each State, in partnership with
- 22 its local governments and Federal agencies, and in con-
- 23 sultation with its citizens, shall develop a State Action
- 24 Agenda for Community Recreation and Conservation,

- 1 within five years of enactment, that meets the following
- 2 requirements:
- 3 "(1) The agenda must be strategic, originating
- 4 in broad-based and long-term needs, but focused on
- 5 actions that can be funded over the next 4 years.
- 6 "(2) The agenda must be updated at least once
- 7 every 4 years and certified by the Governor that the
- 8 State Action Agenda for Community Recreation and
- 9 Conservation conclusions and proposed actions have
- been considered in an active public involvement proc-
- ess.
- 12 State Action Agendas for Community Recreation and Con-
- 13 servation shall take into account all providers of recreation
- 14 and conservation lands with each State, including Federal,
- 15 regional, and local government resources and shall be cor-
- 16 related whenever possible with other State, regional, and
- 17 local plans for parks, recreation, open space, and wetlands
- 18 conservation.
- 19 "Each State Action Agenda for Community Recre-
- 20 ation and Conservation shall specifically address wetlands
- 21 within that State as important outdoor recreation and con-
- 22 servation resources. Each State Action Agenda for Com-
- 23 munity Recreation and Conservation shall incorporate a
- 24 wetlands priority plan developed in consultation with the
- 25 State agency with responsibility for fish and wildlife re-

- 1 sources which is consistent with that national wetlands
- 2 priority conservation plan developed under section 301 of
- 3 the Emergency Wetlands Resources Act.
- 4 "Recovery action programs developed by urban local-
- 5 ities under section 1007 of the Urban Park and Recre-
- 6 ation Recovery Act of 1978 shall be used by a State as
- 7 one guide to the conclusions, priorities and action sched-
- 8 ules contained in the State Action Agenda for Community
- 9 Recreation and Conservation. Each State shall assure that
- 10 any requirements for local outdoor recreation and con-
- 11 servation planning that are promulgated as conditions for
- 12 grants minimize redundancy of local efforts by allowing,
- 13 wherever possible, use of the findings, priorities, and im-
- 14 plementation schedules of recovery action programs to
- 15 meet such requirements.".
- 16 (j) Comprehensive State Plans developed by any
- 17 State under section 6(d) of the Land and Water Conserva-
- 18 tion Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l–8(d)) before the
- 19 enactment of this Act shall remain in effect in that State
- 20 until or State Action Agenda for Community Recreation
- 21 and Conservation has been adopted pursuant to the
- 22 amendment made by this subsection, but no later than 5
- 23 years after the enactment of this Act.

- 1 (k) State Plans.—Subsection 6(e) of the Land and
- 2 Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l–
- 3 8(e)) is amended—
- 4 (1) by striking "State comprehensive plan" at
- 5 the end of the first paragraph and inserting "State
- 6 Action Agenda for Community Recreation and Con-
- 7 servation";
- 8 (2) by striking "State comprehensive plan" in
- 9 paragraph (1) and inserting "State Action Agenda
- for Community Recreation and Conservation"; and
- 11 (3) by striking "but not including incidental
- costs related to acquisition" at the end of paragraph
- 13 (1).
- (1) Conversion.—Paragraph 6(f)(3) of the Land
- 15 and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C.
- 16 460l-8(f)(3)) is amended by striking the second sentence
- 17 and inserting: "With the exception of those properties that
- 18 are no longer viable as an outdoor recreation and con-
- 19 servation facility due to changes in demographics or must
- 20 be abandoned because of environmental contamination
- 21 which endanger public health and safety, the Secretary
- 22 shall approve such conversion only if the State dem-
- 23 onstrates no prudent or feasible alternative exists. Any
- 24 conversion must satisfy any conditions the Secretary
- 25 deems necessary to assure the substitution of other recre-

- 1 ation and conservation properties of at least equal fair
- 2 market value, or reasonably equivalent usefulness and lo-
- 3 cation and which are in accord with the existing State Ac-
- 4 tion Agenda for Community Recreation and Conservation:
- 5 Provided, That wetland areas and interests therein as
- 6 identified in the wetlands provisions of the action agenda
- 7 and proposed to be acquired as suitable replacement prop-
- 8 erty within that same State that is otherwise acceptable
- 9 to the Secretary shall be considered to be of reasonably
- 10 equivalent usefulness with the property proposed for con-
- 11 version.".
- 12 (m) Cost Limitations.—Section 7 of the Land and
- 13 Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l–
- 14 9) is amended by adding the following at the end thereof:
- 15 "(D) MAXIMUM FEDERAL COST PER PROJECT.—No
- 16 expenditure shall be made to acquire any Federal land the
- 17 cost of which exceeds \$5,000,000 unless the funds for
- 18 such acquisition have been specifically allocated to the ac-
- 19 quisition in the report accompanying the legislation appro-
- 20 priating funds for the Federal agency concerned and such
- 21 allocation has been approved by resolution adopted by the
- 22 Committee on Resources of the United States House of
- 23 Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natu-
- 24 ral Resources of the United States Senate.".

#### 1 SEC. 204. URBAN PARK AND RECREATION RECOVERY ACT

- 2 OF 1978 AMENDMENTS.
- 3 (a) Grants.—Section 1004 of the Urban Park and
- 4 Recreation Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. 2503) is amended by
- 5 redesignating subsections (d), (e), and (f) as subsections
- 6 (f), (g), and (h) respectively, and by inserting the following
- 7 after subsection (c):
- 8 "(d) 'development grants' means matching capital
- 9 grants to local units of government to cover costs of devel-
- 10 opment and construction on existing or new neighborhood
- 11 recreation sites, including indoor and outdoor recreation
- 12 facilities, support facilities, and landscaping, but excluding
- 13 routine maintenance and upkeep activities;
- 14 "(e) 'acquisition grants' means matching capital
- 15 grants to local units of government to cover the direct and
- 16 incidental costs of purchasing new parkland to be perma-
- 17 nently dedicated and made accessible for public recreation
- 18 use;"
- 19 (b) Eligibility.—Subsection 1005(a) of the Urban
- 20 Park and Recreation Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. 2504) is
- 21 amended to read as follows:
- 22 "(a) Eligibility of general purpose local governments
- 23 to compete for assistance under this title shall be based
- 24 upon need as determined by the Secretary. Generally, the
- 25 list of eligible governments shall include the following:

1	"(1) All central cities of Metropolitan, Primary
2	or Consolidated Statistical Areas as currently de-
3	fined by the census.
4	"(2) All political subdivisions included in Metro-
5	politan, Primary or Consolidated Statistical Areas as
6	currently defined by the census.
7	"(3) Any other city or town within a Metropoli-
8	tan Area with a total population of 50,000 or more
9	in the census of 1970, 1980 or 1990.
10	"(4) Any other county, parish or township with
11	a total population of 250,000 or more in the census
12	of 1970, 1980 or 1990.".
13	(c) Matching Grants.—Subsection 1006(a) of the
14	Urban Park and Recreation Recovery Act (16 U.S.C.
15	2505(a)) is amended by striking all through paragraph (3)
16	and inserting the following:
17	"Sec. 1006. (a) The Secretary is authorized to pro-
18	vide 70 percent matching grants for rehabilitation, innova-
19	tion, development or acquisition purposes of eligible gen-
20	eral purpose local governments upon his approval of appli-
21	cations therefor by the chief executives of such govern-
22	ments.
23	"(1) At the discretion of such applicants, and
24	if consistent with an approved application, rehabili-
25	tation, innovation, development or acquisition grants

- may be transferred in whole or in part to independent special purpose local governments, private nonprofit agencies or county or regional park authorities; except that, such grantees shall provide assurance to the Secretary that they will maintain public
  recreation opportunities as assisted areas and facilities owned or managed by them in accordance with
  section 1010 of this Act.
- 9 "(2) Payments may be made only for those re-10 habilitation, innovation, development, or acquisition 11 projects which have been approved by the Secretary. 12 Such payments may be made from time to time in 13 keeping with the rate of progress toward completion 14 of a project, on a reimbursable basis.".
- 15 (d) Coordination.—Section 1008 of the Urban Park and Recreation Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. 2507) is 16 17 amended by striking the last sentence and inserting the following: "The Secretary and general purpose local gov-18 19 ernments are encouraged to coordinate preparation of re-20 covery action programs required by this title with State 21 Action Agendas for Community Recreation and Conserva-22 tion required by section 6 of the Land and Water Con-23 servation Fund Act of 1965, including the allowance of flexibility in local preparation of recovery action programs so that they may be used to meet State or local qualifica-

- 1 tions for local receipt of Land and Water Conservation
- 2 Fund grants or State grants for similar purposes or for
- 3 other recreation or conservation purposes. The Secretary
- 4 shall also encourage States to consider the findings, prior-
- 5 ities, strategies and schedules included in the recovery ac-
- 6 tion programs of their urban localities in preparation and
- 7 updating of the State Action Agendas for Community
- 8 Recreation and Conservation, in accordance with the pub-
- 9 lic coordination and citizen consultation requirements of
- 10 subsection 6(d) of the Land and Water Conservation Fund
- 11 Act of 1965.".
- 12 (e) Conversion.—Section 1010 of the Urban Park
- 13 and Recreation Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. 2509) is amend-
- 14 ed by striking the first sentence and inserting the follow-
- 15 ing: "No property acquired or improved or developed
- 16 under this title shall, without the approval of the Sec-
- 17 retary, be converted to other than public recreation uses.
- 18 The Secretary shall approve such conversion only if the
- 19 grantee demonstrates no prudent or feasible alternative
- 20 exists (with the exception of those properties that are no
- 21 longer a viable recreation facility due to changes in demo-
- 22 graphics or must be abandoned because of environmental
- 23 contamination which endanger public health and safety).
- 24 Any conversion must satisfy any conditions the Secretary
- 25 deems necessary to assure the substitution of other recre-

ation properties of at least equal fair market value, or reasonably equivalent usefulness and location and which are in accord with the current recreation recovery action program.". 4 (f) Repeal.—Section 1014 of the Urban Park and 5 Recreation Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. 2513) is repealed. 6 TITLE III—WILDLIFE CONSERVA-7 TION AND RESTORATION 8 SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE. 10 This title may be cited as the "Wildlife Conservation and Restoration Act of 1998". 12 SEC. 302. FINDINGS. 13 The Congress finds and declares that— 14 (1) a diverse array of species of fish and wild-15 life is of significant value to the Nation for many 16 reasons: aesthetic, ecological, educational, cultural, 17 recreational, economic, and scientific; 18 (2) it should be the objective of the United 19 States to retain for present and future generations 20 the opportunity to observe, understand, and appre-21 ciate a wild variety of wildlife; 22 (3) millions of citizens participate in outdoor 23 recreation through hunting, fishing, and wildlife ob-24 servation, all of which have significant value to the

citizens who engage in these activities;

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- 1 (4) providing sufficient and properly maintained 2 wildlife associated recreational opportunities is im-3 portant to enhancing public appreciation of a diver-4 sity of wildlife and the habitats upon which they de-5 pend;
  - (5) lands and waters which contain species classified neither as game nor identified as endangered or threatened also can provide opportunities for wildlife associated recreation and education such as hunting and fishing permitted by applicable State or Federal law;
  - (6) hunters and anglers have for more than 60 years willingly paid user fees in the form of Federal excise taxes on hunting and fishing equipment to support wildlife diversity and abundance, through enactment of the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act (commonly referred to as the Pittman-Robertson Act) and the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration Act (commonly referred to as the Dingell-Johnson/Wallop-Breaux Act);
  - (7) State programs, adequately funded to conserve a broader array of wildlife in an individual State and conducted in coordination with Federal, State, tribal, and private landowners and interested organizations, would continue to serve as a vital link

in a nationwide effort to restore game and nongame wildlife, and the essential elements of such programs should include conservation measures which manage for a diverse variety of populations of wildlife; and

> (8) it is proper for Congress to bolster and extend this highly successful program to aid game and nongame wildlife in supporting the health and diversity of habitat, as well as providing funds for conservation education.

## 10 SEC. 303. PURPOSES.

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The purposes of this title are—

- (1) to extend financial and technical assistance to the States under the Federal Aid to Wildlife Restoration Act for the benefit of a diverse array of wildlife and associated habitats, including species that are not hunted or fished, to fulfill unmet needs of wildlife within the States while recognizing the mandate of the States to conserve all wildlife;
- (2) to assure sound conservation policies through the development, revision and implementation of wildlife associated recreation and wildlife associated education and wildlife conservation law enforcement;
- (3) to encourage State fish and wildlife agencies to create partnerships between the Federal Govern-

- 1 ment, other State agencies, wildlife conservation or-
- 2 ganizations, and outdoor recreation and conservation
- 3 interests through cooperative planning and imple-
- 4 mentation of this title; and
- 5 (4) to encourage State fish and wildlife agencies
- 6 to provide for public involvement in the process of
- 7 development and implementation of a wildlife con-
- 8 servation and restoration program.

## 9 SEC. 304. DEFINITIONS.

- 10 (a) Reference to Law.—In this title, the term
- 11 "Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act" means the Act
- 12 of September 2, 1937 (16 U.S.C. 669 et seq.), commonly
- 13 referred to as the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act
- 14 or the Pittman-Robertson Act.
- 15 (b) Wildlife Conservation and Restoration
- 16 Program.—Section 2 of the Federal Aid in Wildlife Res-
- 17 toration Act (16 U.S.C. 669a) is amended by inserting
- 18 after "shall be construed" in the first place it appears the
- 19 following: "to include the wildlife conservation and res-
- 20 toration program and".
- 21 (c) State Agencies.—Section 2 of the Federal Aid
- 22 in Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669a) is amended
- 23 by inserting "or State fish and wildlife department" after
- 24 "State fish and game department".

1 (d) Conservation.—Section 2 is amended by strik-2 ing the period at the end thereof, substituting a semicolon, and adding the following: "the term 'conservation' shall 3 4 be construed to mean the use of methods and procedures 5 necessary or desirable to sustain healthy populations of wildlife including all activities associated with scientific re-6 sources management such as research, census, monitoring 8 of populations, acquisition, improvement and management of habitat, live trapping and transplantation, wildlife dam-10 age management, and periodic or total protection of a species or population as well as the taking of individuals with-11 12 in wildlife stock or population if permitted by applicable State and Federal law; the term 'wildlife conservation and restoration program' shall be construed to mean a pro-14 15 gram developed by a State fish and wildlife department that the Secretary determines meets the criteria in section 16 17 6(d), the projects that constitute such a program, which may be implemented in whole or part through grants and 18 19 contracts by a State to other State, Federal, or local agen-20 cies wildlife conservation organizations and outdoor recre-21 ation and conservation education entities from funds apportioned under this title, and maintenance of such 23 projects; the term 'wildlife' shall be construed to mean any species of wild, free-ranging fauna including fish, and also fauna in captive breeding programs the object of which

- 1 is to reintroduce individuals of a depleted indigenous spe-
- 2 cies into previously occupied range; the term 'wildlife-asso-
- 3 ciated recreation' shall be construed to mean projects in-
- 4 tended to meet the demand for outdoor activities associ-
- 5 ated with wildlife including, but not limited to, hunting
- 6 and fishing, such projects as construction or restoration
- 7 of wildlife viewing areas, observation towers, blinds, plat-
- 8 forms, land and water trails, water access, trailheads, and
- 9 access for such projects; and the term 'wildlife conserva-
- 10 tion education' shall be construed to mean projects, in-
- 11 cluding public outreach, intended to foster responsible nat-
- 12 ural resource stewardship.".
- 13 (e) 7 Percent.—Subsection 3(a) of the Federal Aid
- 14 in Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669b(a)) is amend-
- 15 ed in the first sentence by—
- 16 (1) inserting "(1)" after "(beginning with the
- 17 fiscal year 1975)"; and
- 18 (2) inserting after "Internal Revenue Code of
- 19 1954" the following: ", and (2) from 7 percent of
- the revenues, as that term is defined in the Con-
- 21 servation and Reinvestment Act of 1999,".
- 22 SEC. 305. SUBACCOUNTS AND REFUNDS.
- 23 Section 3 of the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration
- 24 Act (16 U.S.C. 669b) is amended by adding at the end
- 25 the following new subsections:

1 "(c) A subaccount shall be established in the Federal 2 aid to wildlife restoration fund in the Treasury to be 3 known as the 'wildlife conservation and restoration account' and the credits to such account shall be equal to the 7 percent of revenues referred to in subsection (a)(2). Amounts in such account shall be invested by the Secretary of the Treasury as set forth in subsection (b) and 8 shall be made available without further appropriation, together with interest, for apportionment at the beginning 10 of fiscal year 2000 and each fiscal year thereafter to carry out State wildlife conservation and restoration programs. 12 "(d) Funds covered into the wildlife conservation and restoration account shall supplement, but not replace, existing funds available to the States from the sport fish 14 15 restoration and wildlife restoration accounts and shall be used for the development, revision, and implementation of wildlife conservation and restoration programs and should be used to address the unmet needs for a diverse array 18 19 of wildlife and associated habitats, including species that 20 are not hunted or fished, for wildlife conservation, wildlife 21 conservation education, and wildlife-associated recreation projects: *Provided*, Such funds may be used for new pro-23 grams and projects as well as to enhance existing programs and projects.

- 1 "(e) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of this
- 2 Act, with respect to the wildlife conservation and restora-
- 3 tion account so much of the appropriation apportioned to
- 4 any State for any fiscal year as remains unexpended at
- 5 the close thereof is authorized to be made available for
- 6 expenditure in that State until the close of the fourth suc-
- 7 ceeding fiscal year. Any amount apportioned to any State
- 8 under this subsection that is unexpended or unobligated
- 9 at the end of the period during which it is available for
- 10 expenditure on any project is authorized to be reappor-
- 11 tioned to all States during the succeeding fiscal year.
- 12 "(f) In those instances where through judicial deci-
- 13 sion, administrative review, arbitration, or other means
- 14 there are royalty refunds owed to entities generating reve-
- 15 nues available for purposes of this Act, 7 percent of such
- 16 refunds shall be paid from amounts available under sub-
- 17 section (a)(2).".
- 18 SEC. 306. ALLOCATION OF SUBACCOUNT RECEIPTS.
- 19 Section 4 of the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration
- 20 Act (16 U.S.C. 669c) is amended by adding the following
- 21 new subsection:
- (c)(1) Notwithstanding subsection (a), an amount,
- 23 not to exceed 2 percent, of the revenues covered into the
- 24 wildlife conservation and restoration account in each fiscal
- 25 year as the Secretary of the Interior may estimate to be

- 1 necessary for expenses in the administration and execution
- 2 of programs carried out under the wildlife conservation
- 3 and restoration account shall be deducted for that pur-
- 4 pose, and such amount is authorized to be made available
- 5 therefor until the expiration of the next succeeding fiscal
- 6 year. Within 60 days after the close of such fiscal year,
- 7 the Secretary of the Interior shall apportion any portion
- 8 thereof as remains unexpended, if any, on the same basis
- 9 and in the same manner as is provided under paragraphs
- 10 (2) and (3).
- 11 "(2) The Secretary of the Interior, after making the
- 12 deduction under paragraph (1), shall make the following
- 13 apportionment from the amount remaining in the wildlife
- 14 conservation and restoration account:
- 15 "(A) to the District of Columbia and to the
- 16 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, each a sum equal to
- not more than  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1 percent thereof; and
- 18 "(B) to Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Is-
- lands, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mari-
- ana Islands, each a sum equal to not more than ½
- of 1 percent thereof.
- 22 "(3) The Secretary of the Interior, after making the
- 23 deduction under paragraph (1) and the apportionment
- 24 under paragraph (2), shall apportion the remaining
- 25 amount in the wildlife conservation and restoration ac-

1	count for each year among the States in the following
2	manner:
3	"(A) $\frac{1}{3}$ of which is based on the ratio to which
4	the land area of such State bears to the total land
5	area of all such States; and
6	"(B) % of which is based on the ratio to which
7	the population of such State bears to the total popu-
8	lation of all such States.
9	The amounts apportioned under this paragraph shall be
10	adjusted equitably so that no such State shall be appor-
11	tioned a sum which is less than $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1 percent of the
12	amount available for apportionment under this paragraph
13	for any fiscal year or more than 5 percent of such amount.
14	"(d) Wildlife Conservation and Restoration
15	PROGRAMS.—Any State, through its fish and wildlife de-
16	partment, may apply to the Secretary for approval of a
17	wildlife conservation and restoration program or for funds
18	to develop a program, which shall—
19	"(1) contain provision for vesting in the fish
20	and wildlife department of overall responsibility and
21	accountability for development and implementation
22	of the program; and
23	"(2) contain provision for development and im-
24	plementation of—

1	"(A) wildlife conservation projects which
2	expand and support existing wildlife programs
3	to meet the needs of a diverse array of wildlife
4	species,
5	"(B) wildlife associated recreation pro-
6	grams, and
7	"(C) wildlife conservation education
8	projects.
9	If the Secretary of the Interior finds that an application
10	for such program contains the elements specified in para-
11	graphs (1) and (2), the Secretary shall approve such appli-
12	cation and set aside from the apportionment to the State
13	made pursuant to section 4(c) an amount that shall not
14	exceed 90 percent of the estimated cost of developing and
15	implementing segments of the program for the first 5 fis-
16	cal years following enactment of this subsection and not
17	to exceed 75 percent thereafter. Not more than 10 percent
18	of the amounts apportioned to each State from this sub-
19	account for the State's wildlife conservation and restora-
20	tion program may be used for law enforcement. Following
21	approval, the Secretary may make payments on a project
22	that is a segment of the State's wildlife conservation and
23	restoration program as the project progresses but such
24	payments, including previous payments on the project, if
25	any, shall not be more than the United States pro rata

- 1 share of such project. The Secretary, under such regula-
- 2 tions as he may prescribe, may advance funds representing
- 3 the United States pro rata share of a project that is a
- 4 segment of a wildlife conservation and restoration pro-
- 5 gram, including funds to develop such program. For pur-
- 6 poses of this subsection, the term 'State' shall include the
- 7 District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico,
- 8 the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, America Samoa,
- 9 and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Is-
- 10 lands.".
- 11 (b) FACA.—Coordination with State fish and wildlife
- 12 department personnel or with personnel of other State
- 13 agencies pursuant to the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restora-
- 14 tion Act or the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration Act
- 15 shall not be subject to the Federal Advisory Committee
- 16 Act (5 U.S.C. App.). Except for the preceding sentence,
- 17 the provisions of this title relate solely to wildlife conserva-
- 18 tion and restoration programs as defined in this title and
- 19 shall not be construed to affect the provisions of the Fed-
- 20 eral Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act relating to wildlife res-
- 21 toration projects or the provisions of the Federal Aid in
- 22 Sport Fish Restoration Act relating to fish restoration and
- 23 management projects.

## 1 SEC. 307. LAW ENFORCEMENT AND PUBLIC RELATIONS.

- 2 The third sentence of subsection (a) of section 8 of
- 3 the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C.
- 4 669g) is amended by inserting before the period at the
- 5 end thereof: ", except that funds available from this sub-
- 6 account for a State wildlife conservation and restoration
- 7 program may be used for law enforcement and public rela-
- 8 tions".

## 9 SEC. 308. PROHIBITION AGAINST DIVERSION.

- No designated State agency shall be eligible to receive
- 11 matching funds under this Act if sources of revenue avail-
- 12 able to it on January 1, 1998, for conservation of wildlife
- 13 are diverted for any purpose other than the administration
- 14 of the designated State agency, it being the intention of
- 15 Congress that funds available to States under this Act be
- 16 added to revenues from existing State sources and not
- 17 serve as a substitute for revenues from such sources. Such
- 18 revenues shall include interest, dividends, or other income
- 19 earned on the foregoing.

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